

N. W. Norfolk & Western

Effective January 6, 1918.

Lv. Fort Gay (Central Time.)

No. 3-4:35 a. m. Daily—For Kenova, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati, Columbus, Pullman Sleepers to Cincinnati and Columbus. Connection via Chicago and St. Louis for the West and Northwest.

No. 15-1:05 p. m. Daily—For Columbus, Cincinnati and intermediate stations. Pullman Sleeper. Cafe car to Columbus. Connections at Cincinnati and Columbus for points West.

Lv. 2:25 a. m. Daily—For Williamson, Welch, Bluefield, Roanoke, Norfolk, Richmond, Pullman Sleeper to Norfolk. Cafe Car.

2:16 p. m. Daily—For Williamson, Welch, Bluefield, Roanoke, Norfolk, Richmond, Pullman Sleeper to Norfolk. Cafe Car.

Train leaves Kenova 7:40 a. m. Daily for Williamson, via Wayne, and leaves Kenova 7:40 a. m. daily for Columbus and local stations.

For full information apply to
W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traff. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, Genl. Pass. Agt.
ROANOKE, VA.

Chesapeake & Ohio Ry.

Schedule subject to change without notice.

Shortest and Quickest Route To

Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York
Richmond, Old Point, Norfolk Virginia and North Carolina
Through Pullman Sleepers Dining Cars
Connections at Cincinnati and Louisville

For all points West, Northwest, Southwest and the Pacific Coast

FIRE INSURANCE

I am prepared to write insurance on any insurable property in Louisiana and on all good DWELLINGS AND BARNES IN THE COUNTRY and a limited number of stores not too far from Louisiana.

I have the agency for the following companies:

HENRY CLAY CO. OF KY.
NORTH AMERICA OF NEW YORK
WESTCHESTER OF NEW YORK.

Will appreciate any business you may give me.

AUGUSTUS SNYDER



High Tide in Telephone Traffic

This chart shows the extraordinary growth of long distance traffic on the Bell system under war conditions. The difficulties in keeping pace with such demands may be appreciated when it is understood that the cost of material entering into the manufacture of telephone equipment has practically doubled, in addition to the abnormal increase in the price of labor and the shortage of both labor and material with which to add to our facilities.

Upon the declaration of war, the Bell system pledged its entire service unreservedly to the government. The demand from that source is already great and is increasing hourly; moreover the extraordinary increase in telephone traffic due to the unprecedented commercial and industrial activity incident to the war is also making itself felt.

The problem before us is a serious one and we realize the service may probably be slowed down during the coming months. We want you also to understand the situation and to know that the operators are serving you cheerfully and to the extent of their ability, but under difficulties for which there is no immediate remedy and which you cannot realize without visiting the operating room.

We ask that you co-operate with us by observing patience and care in the use of the telephone and by eliminating useless and frivolous calls.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE
AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY
OF KENTUCKY, Inc.

(INCORPORATED)

This Corn Will Peel Right Off!

"Gels-It" Makes Corns Come Off The "Banana-Peel" Way!

Why have to flop on the floor, squeeze yourself up like the letter "Z", and with bulging eyes draw your face up into a wrinkly knot while you gouge and pull at the "quick" of a tender corn? That's



2 or 3 Drops Applied in a Few Seconds—There's no Fussing or Cutting.

"Gels-It" Always Works!

the old, savage way. "Gels-It" is the modern, painless, simple way. Laid over and put two drops of "Gels-It" on the corn, put your stocking and shoe right on again, and forget the corn. Pain is eased. "Gels-It" has revolutionized the treatment of corns. It never irritates the true flesh. You'll stop limping on the side of your shoe, and do away with greasy salves, bandaging, blisters, and all the painful methods. Use "Gels-It", it's common sense.

"Gels-It" is sold by all druggists (you need pay no more than 25 cents), or it will be sent direct by Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.

GARRETT.

W. S. Collins had the misfortune to get his house, with the entire contents, destroyed by fire one day last week, origin of the fire unknown as he was at his work a mile away, and the rest of the family was calling on a neighbor at the time. No insurance. His loss was total and very heavy.

The small pox cases have all recovered and the quarantine lifted last Monday. So church and Sunday school services have resumed as well as the picture shows, but we are now without a physician as Dr. Vickers has been confined to his bed with serious illness for the past week, unable to sit up. At present his recovery is very doubtful.

Our good friend, John Wolfe, has been off duty for two weeks on account of serious illness.

Mrs. Roy Carter, of Wheelwright was the week-end guest of her sister, Mrs. Jay Vinson, last week. She was accompanied by her son, Carr, who seemed to have some special attraction here.

Wm. Smith, of Weekberry, was the guest of home folks last Saturday and Sunday. He returned Monday to resume his duties.

Uncle Cave Estephas leased his oil territory to the Oil Co., and preparations are now being made to drill a well on this territory as soon as the rig can be erected thereon. Considerable oil activities have resumed here in the past few days.

Arthur Kilburn and wife have returned from a weeks visit to their home folks in Moberly county.

Mr. Carter was the afternoon guest of Mrs. Cal. B. Brumbridge last Sunday.

Postmaster Vinson was a business visitor at Prestonsburg last Saturday and Sunday.

ELLIOTT COUNTY SMALLPOX

MR. WAUGH DEFENDS JUDGE CISCO ON QUARANTINE

The following reply from Hon. Judge M. Waugh to the attack made on Judge A. N. Cisco by the State Board of Health in regard to quarantining Elliott County, appeared in the East Kentucky Journal of Grayson:

"My Dear Sirs:

I see by the papers that you have issued an order quarantining Elliott county and criticizing Judge A. N. Cisco because he held the regular term of the Elliott Circuit Court, claiming that there is an epidemic of small pox in that county. I feel that there is due you an explanation of the situation of the facts as I found them in that county, and feeling that they have been grossly misrepresented to you by a member of your health board in that county, and I feel that when you understand the situation, there will be an explanation due Judge Cisco.

I want to say after a thorough investigation of the matter that there is no epidemic of small pox prevalent in Elliott county. There is not enough in any locality to amount to an epidemic. There are about four or five isolated cases in the county. The nearest one to the county seat is seven miles away, and part of those cases are well and released. There is no locality in the county that is or has been under quarantine. There is just three private houses under quarantine as I was reliably informed; and there has not been a case of small pox in the county seat for forty years.

We understand that it was represented to you that there was a widespread epidemic of the disease, many cases in the county seat, a man broken out with it in jury room, and many exposures, all of which is absolutely false and untrue.

The whole situation is this—there are a few cases of small pox scattered about over Elliott county, and, as I understand it, the present time in perfect control. Part of your health board was expecting indictments for an offense that is not necessary to mention to you, others were expecting the same, others had been indicted and were not anxious for trial, and getting their heads together, they considered to prorogue the Court for a few terms and thus escape the law. This matter was put up to Judge Cisco on his arrival at Sandy Hook last Monday, and after conferring with the sheriff and many other good citizens of the county and learning the reasons that I have mentioned above, refused and properly I think, to adjourn the Court, and as a matter of retaliaion mistatements were made to the board, and the order followed.

Judge Cisco did more in one day to effectually prohibit any spread of the disease in that county than your board of health has done since there has been a case there. We are only trying to assist your boards and uphold the law, and incidentally to make them take notice of their duties in the matter and some times they resent this, and went a long way in this case to bring about this quarantine.

Judge Cisco and myself arrived at Sandy Hook at 12:30 on Monday and there were at that time more than 400 men on the streets, and if there had been any chance of spread or exposure to small pox, it would have been accomplished before we got there. There was a light docket and did not necessitate the attendance of any great number of persons on the Court, and every precaution was taken to bring no litigation or witness to the Court that had even a chance for the disease. We had been feeling that the law imposed upon by these parties there—and in short—were lied to about the situation and if you will take the trouble to investigate, you will find it as I have represented it to you in this letter and no other way.

Judge Cisco is an upright and honorable Judge, and feels keenly the statement that he was violating the law instead of upholding it. I have been representing the interests of the State here in this district for more than 14 years and under several Judges and I know of no man that tries harder to do his duty under any and all circumstances, and we feel with the proper investigation of the matter by your board, you ought to and will vindicate him in this instance if anything wrong in connection with the situation in Elliott county, and I sincerely ask that you investigate this.

I do not, probably as you know, live in Elliott county. I have no interests there to be affected by this quarantine, but it is rank injustice to those good people to be put under quarantine in the present situation, and if they do anything like their duty, there will be no necessity of this quarantine of the county at all.

I hope you will see this matter in its true light and if not satisfied with these statements, investigate and see what the situation is and then you will see who is right and who is wrong.

Very truly yours,
J. M. WAUGH,
Commonwealth's Atty. 32d Jud. Dist. of Kentucky.

SOMEWHERE IN ENGLAND

Lawrence county friends will read with interest the following letter from Garland, son of E. P. Webb, of Fallsburg. He is 24 years old and enlisted in the aviation corps at Ft. Thomas. From there he went to Lake Charles, La. for a few months and then to England:

Mar. 10, 1918, Somewhere in England Dear Friends:

I will use the Big Sandy News as a means of telling you that I arrived safe in England.

I like my new post fine.

I am having a good time. Went to a ball game this evening. We have a fine Y. M. C. A. I don't know what we would do if it were not for the Y. When I get back home I will ever remember the Y. M. C. A.

All the boys are satisfied and anxious to get to France.

We are having some time learning how to count the English money.

The English people are very friendly and tell us about the good times we will have when we get to France. Will write the News more next time.

Yours,
PVT. GARLAND WEBB,
176 Aero Sqdn. American Ex. Forces
via New York.

Blaine Items

W. E. Kouns was transacting business at Ashland and other down river towns last week.

Andrew Kitchen, of Columbus, O., was here a few days last week visiting his mother, Mrs. Lydia Kitchen, and other relatives.

While he was here Mrs. Kitchen divided her farm among her seven children, all of them being present except Mrs. Henry Key, of Columbus, O.

Jack Mounts, of Louisa, was here last week looking after the interests of the Singer Sewing Machine Co.

Jesse Chaffin has returned from Chatteroy, W. Va., where he has been working in the mines.

Claude Smith is home for a few days. He has employment at Portsmouth, O. and will shortly return to that place.

Mrs. Laura Roberts has moved to her farm about five miles below here. She will stay there through the summer and return to her home here this fall.

Forster Williams has returned from Greenup county. He was accompanied home by his mother-in-law, Mrs. William Castle.

Mr. and Mrs. Labe Edwards were visiting relatives on Cains creek Sunday.

A. B. Ayers, president of the Union Gas & Oil Company, was here a few days last week looking after his gas and oil interests in Lawrence and Morgan counties. He has a new drilling machine on the way here. When it reaches here he will begin drilling on block No. 2 which is located on Lower Laurel and Hood creeks. He also has purchased a gas engine to pump the well recently drilled in on Dan Skages farm at Martha.

Mr. Ayers was accompanied here by a Mr. McMillard and Mr. McMillard's mother and sister, of Indianapolis, Ind. David J. Cordie, the 8-month-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cordie, died Friday night of pneumonia, and was buried at the Walter Ross graveyard Sunday.

Fred Stafford manager for the Iron-ton Lumber Company, was here last week the guest of F. D. Dawson and family.

Big Chief.

WAYNE, W. VA.

Dr. I. W. Taylor, who was crippled by a horse falling on his leg a few days ago, is able now to attend professional calls.

Nice donations for the Red Cross have recently been received from Arthur Workman and Esther Childers, two Lincoln district teachers. The funds were raised by having school rallies.

At a recent meeting of the state board of education an order was entered granting a life certificate to Rufus Lester of Butler district. This is the second one to be granted to a Wayne county teacher the other being to Supt. Rife several months ago.

County court has been in session this week. Most of the time has been taken in matters pertaining to roads. All the districts have money in road funds and it is the intention of the court to have the roads worked out at an early date. This will give us the benefit of the money spent and good roads all summer.

The Red Cross unit at this place held its annual election Wednesday and elected Mrs. E. J. Wilcox as chairman, Emma Seagars, secretary; Mrs. Calude Newman, Treas. The unit has done great work for the cause in the past year and will continue with renewed energy to do their part in winning the war.

Luther L. Lycan, a Butler district teacher, has been appointed district club agent by the Agricultural College Morgantown. It will be his duty to organize boys' clubs in his district and assist them in growing their crops. Lloyd E. Cox, of Ceredo district has been appointed to a similar position in that district.

Ben Martin Struck By Train.
Monday morning train No. 18 hit Ben Martin on a crossing just below

Buy a \$4.14 War Savings Stamp

The Government Buys it Back \$5.00 from You January 1st, 1923 for

Buy it outright for Cash. Or buy it on the Installment Plan 25c down and 25c whenever you feel like saving it

HOW TO BUY IT ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN

Go to the Louisa National Bank or a post office. Pay 25c, and the man at the window will give you a U. S. Government Thrift Stamp and a Thrift Card. Paste your Thrift Stamp on your Thrift Card. When you feel like saving another 25c buy another Thrift Stamp and paste it on the same card. When you have pasted sixteen of these Thrift Stamps on your Thrift Card, take this card to the bank or post office, and give it to the man at window.

Also give him 12c. The man will give you a W. S. S.—a U. S. War Saving Stamp. He will also give you a U. S. War Savings Certificate.

A War Savings Certificate is a pocket-size folder on which you can paste 20 War Savings Stamps.

Paste your War Savings Stamp in your War Savings Certificate. Take good care of it as it is worth \$4.12.

On January 1st, 1923, the U. S. Government buys this War Savings Certificate from you, paying you \$5.

This profit is 4 per cent interest compounded quarterly. Every man, woman and child, in this hour of our country's need, should save money and buy as many War Savings Stamps as he can afford.

You can buy your second War Saving Stamp on the installment plan just as you bought your first one, and more if you desire up to \$32.40.

HOW TO BUY IT FOR CASH

If you do not wish to buy War Savings Stamps on the installment plan as explained above, you simply pay \$4.12 at the War Savings Stamp window of any bank or post office.

War Savings Stamps cost \$4.12 during January. During February they will cost \$4.12.

After February they go up one cent more each month. So you see, the sooner you buy your stamps the more money you earn on them.

If you should need your money at any time, take your War Savings Certificate to any post office.

The post office will give you back your money plus accrued interest at the rate of about 3 per cent.

If you do not wish to go to a post office or a bank to buy a thrift stamp write on a postcard, "Send me one 25-cent Thrift Stamp, C. O. D." And write your name and address on the postcard.

Address the postcard to "The Post Office."

Next day your postman will bring you a 25-cent Thrift Stamp and a Thrift Card C. O. D.

Start buying a War Savings Stamp TO-DAY.



CORNER MAIN STREET, LOUISA, KENTUCKY

Lavalette. Mr. Martin does not hear well. He was driving a team. Just as his wagon reached the track the engine struck it. Mr. Martin was knocked several yards and was severely bruised. The train crew picked him up and brought him to Wayne for treatment. One of the horses was so badly crippled that it was necessary to kill it, and one broke the harness and escaped injury.

ADELINE

Sunday school was organized at this place Sunday.

Prayer meeting at this place every Sunday morning at nine thirty.

Quite a large crowd enjoyed being at Mrs. Lizzie Bellony's Sunday night. Music and refreshments were served.

Several from this place attended the church services at Mt. Zion Sunday.

Miss Lola Houk, of Cherokee, was the guest of Misses Maud and Gertrude Miller.

Miss Sarah Vankhorn is very low with typhoid fever at this writing.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Wellman, of Kenova, were guests of Mrs. S. S. Bellony.

Mr. Howard Bryan, of Camp Taylor, is expected home soon.

Beauty Spot.

FARM MACHINERY.

Whatever you need in the way of farm machinery, wagons, etc., will be supplied at the right prices by Augustus Snyder. Call for what you need.

Subscribe now for the Big Sandy News and read the great war story, "Over The Top," which will start soon.

G. R. Burgess wants to write your fire insurance.

One Policy of "THE HOME OF NEW YORK" recommends another

"The Largest Fire Insurance Company in America"

THE HOME INSURANCE NEW YORK COMPANY

Home Office: No. 56 Cedar Street
ELBRIDGE G. SNOW, President

RESOURCES INVESTED IN AMERICAN SECURITIES

One Hundred and Twenty-Ninth Semi-Annual Statement

	January, 1918	
CASH ASSETS	\$44,048,651.53	
CASH CAPITAL	6,000,000.00	
LIABILITIES	25,047,401.00	
NET SURPLUS OVER LIABILITIES	13,001,250.53	

*Surplus as regards Policyholders, \$19,001,250.53

FIRE AND ALLIED BRANCHES OF INSURANCE

Fire, Lightning, Automobile, Explosion, Hail, Marine (Inland and Ocean), Parcel Post, Profits and Commissions, Registered Mail, Rents, Sprinkler Leakage, Tourists' Baggage, Use and Occupancy, Windstorm, Full War Cover

FARM PROPERTY AND CROP DAMAGE INSURANCE A SPECIALTY

WESTERN FARM DEPARTMENT:

Lesch & Cornell, Managers Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS IN CITIES, TOWNS AND VILLAGES THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES AND ITS POSSESSIONS AND IN CANADA

STRENGTH

REPUTATION

SERVICE

SIXTY-FIVE YEARS OF FAIR DEALING WITH POLICYHOLDERS

LOSSES PAID SINCE ORGANIZATION OVER \$187,000,000

PROMPT ADJUSTMENT AND PAYMENT OF LOSSES